

RESTITUTION & CRIMES

To decide what course one should take to settle remedies and restitution one has to understand the status quo meaning the affair of things. How can one write a claim if one does not know who he is or where to possibly go?

As it turns out, the Declaration of Independence serves precisely such a role with respect to the United States Constitution, and is thus part of a national covenant/compact. The colony king appointed representatives to rule the people, those rulers created the Continental Congress. To address government/colony issues with the King. Continental Congress writing the Declaration of Independence was calling the people to war. Not ordering, but requesting men as equals to war. The King's men as rebels are not rebelling with the people.

Treaty of Paris¹ calling the people Citizens and the states as victors of the war. The state, Continental Congress, is equal to the standing of man. Four years later the Northwest Ordinance reflects the same equality status between the state and a man.

The Northwest Ordinance Sec. 14. "It is hereby ordained and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the following articles shall be considered as articles of compact between the original States and the people and States in the said territory and forever remain unalterable, unless by common consent, to wit:"

The three above events were created by men to free a colony to become a state government, and colonists to be free men indeed. That became free states and Free people to rule equally. Proving equal status of all parties involved.

The continental Congress created the articles of Confederation. Then when the war was won it became the Congress of Confederation, then that Congress created the Constitution of the United States and became the United States Congress. That shows that Congress does what it does but all the time recognizes the sovereignty of man. Men of stature guide the people by democracy and the people's participation or lack thereof guides the government.

Article 6, Clause 1 says that the previous agreements can still be used against the United States. The United States has absolutely no more authority than the state had in the articles of confederation. Man is equal with the United States and both are sovereigns. The United States with mobocracy has no more rights than being equal to one freeman.

The politicians as men of stature, Article 6, made the legislation representing tyranny will rule the land or country by democracy. When man has had enough. He stops participating, starts reporting the crimes, and seeking restitution.

¹ Article 7 subjects... Citizens

The reason I say, notify the State of, we the people legislative courts, of your sovereign status using article 1817 statement and forget that low level court for subjects. Does one walk into a corporation and talk to the foreman about the bad product and you want restitution. Or do you talk to the owner or executive? The only court explicitly mentioned in the trust is the United States Supreme Court. The trust talks of other courts the Congress can create for those who do not know how to object like a king.

Now let's talk about the trust, the Constitution of the United States. We the people are beneficiaries and so are the sovereigns. We the people, democracy, benefit with safety, and the people, one Freeman, benefits with protection of their property. The United States is a trustee to both parties².

I hope this has woken your thoughts up to what one's status and the United States status really is and why it matters.

United States: Article II, Section 4:

"The President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors."

Is this an enumerated right and does it matter? Without explanation, yes it is and no it does not. As a sovereign called man it seems normal that one deals with the sovereign's creation and not the agency creation of Congress. As sovereigns we created Congress, and the Supreme Court and only court recognized in the trust.

Till one proves their status as a living sovereign as shown one cannot report a crime.

The House Committee on the judiciary looks at the crime. If valid they turn over to the Department of Justice to prosecute. That we know!

Congress is in charge of impeachment³ and other crimes and requires to be filed:

House Committee on the Judiciary
Committee Hearing Room

2141 Rayburn House Office Building

Washington, D.C. 20515

Phone: 202-225-3951 the phone has never been answered to this day

WARNING RESTITUTION

Now the following addresses the lawsuit for restitution. This has not faced the fire of trial and testing yet. It is the best possible solution research has granted.

² Article 6 legislative and sovereigns

³ Article 2, Section 4

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What does the trust state:

“and those in which a state shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction.”⁴ Meaning the Supreme Court is the only court to hear the case. We are suing the United States for violating the constitution. To sue the state of is like trying to sue the employee who has small financial pockets for a company design error.

A trial by jury cannot be denied by an appellate court⁵ or the Supreme Court. Trial by jury cannot be overturned by the United States Supreme Court.⁶ The courts are denying and claiming war against the Freeman by denying a trial by jury.⁷ Equal status between the parties are the violations to win a case.

⁴ Article 3, section 2

⁵ Versatile Paper 81

⁶ Amendment 7

⁷ Constitution 101 tab, impeachment and crimes section.